# Folksworth Church of England (VC) Primary School 

## Attendance Policy



Inspiring a love of learning through the bonds of family, faith and friendship.

## Folksworth C of E (VC) Primary SCHOOL ATTENDANCE POLICY

## The Governing Body is committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people and expects all staff, volunteers and visitors to share this commitment.

## Aims

- To emphasise the importance of, and secure from pupils, maximum attendance at school to enable them to take full advantage of their educational opportunities;
- To make explicit to all relevant parties the school's expectations on attendance levels;
- To clarify the roles and responsibilities of all parties with respect to attendance;
- To communicate to all relevant parties (teachers, parents, pupils) the legal position with respect to attendance and the categories of absence which are deemed "authorised";
- To emphasise the need for home and school to work in close partnership to achieve high attendance.


## Introduction

Regular attendance at school is vital. Without it the learning process becomes fragmented and unsatisfactory; put simply: absence means missed learning. It is also a legal requirement that pupils of compulsory school age receive full-time education and this, with the exception of those educated at home or elsewhere, means regular attendance at school. Irregular attendance leads to pupils missing important lessons and therefore not fulfilling their true potential; it also places children at risk and may result in their being drawn into patterns of anti-social or criminal behaviour. Therefore we expect attendance at school to be $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$, unless there are exceptional or unavoidable reasons for absence.

Attendance is a national priority and, like all schools, Folksworth C of E Primary has to submit data electronically (both in an aggregated form and on an individual pupil basis) every term. It is a key indicator of an effective school and, as such, will be scrutinised by OFSTED. National data clearly shows a correlation between high attendance and progress.

## The National Perspective

The Department for Education states that "Central to raising standards in education and ensuring all pupils can fulfil their potential is an assumption so widely understood that it is insufficiently stated - pupils need to attend school regularly to benefit from their education. Children with poor attendance tend to achieve less'.

| $100 \%-99 \%$ | Excellent - Well done! This will help all aspects of their progress and life in school. This <br> will give them a good start in life and support a positive work ethic. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $98 \%-96 \%$ | Good - well done strive to build on this |
| $95 \%-91 \%$ | Becoming unsatisfactory - Please work with the school urgently to improve the situation. |
| $90 \%-86 \%$ | Poor - absence is causing concern. |
| Below $85 \%$ | Unacceptable - absence IS causing SERIOUS CONCERN. It IS affecting attainment and <br> progress and is disrupting your child's learning. We will work with you and the Education <br> Welfare Officer to improve your child's attendance. <br> Permitting absence from school without a good reason is an offence by the parent. Only <br> the school can 'authorise' absence. The school will not assess all reasons as 'valid'. |

The government expects schools to:

- promote good attendance and reduce absence , including persistent absence
- Ensure every pupil has access to a full time education to which they are entitled
- Act early to address patterns of absence.

The government expect parents to perform their legal duty by ensuring their children of compulsory school age, who are registered at school attend regularly and for all pupils to be punctual.

## Authorised Absences

Authorised absences include those where:
(i) A child is ill or receiving medical attention;
(ii) The day is set aside for religious observance - notified in advance;
(iii) Absence due to family circumstances (e.g. bereavement, serious illness);
(iv) Leave of Absence for Exceptional Circumstances - agreed by the Headteacher which will be logged (see appendix 7);
(v) Approved Sporting Activity.

We expect absences to be kept to a minimum: routine medical and dental appointments should be arranged out of school hours wherever possible.

## Unauthorised Absences

Unauthorised absences are those where:

- no explanation is provided by parent (s)/carers by 9.30am on the day of the absence;
- an explanation is received before 9.30am on the day of the absence but does not fall into one of the categories of authorised absence above.

The following activities are examples of what would be classified as unauthorised:

- holiday
- minding the house;
- caring for relatives;
- awaiting repair people;
- shopping;
- a birthday or family celebration
- having other siblings that are ill within the household.

There are clearly some grey areas. The guidance from the County Council and the Department for Education makes it clear that only exceptional occasions should be classified as authorised.

We ask parents to notify the school in advance (preferably 4 weeks notice) of any proposed special occasion to ascertain whether the school would view the reason for absence as valid or not. Individual cases will need to be judged on their merits and fine judgements will have, on occasions, to be made.

Homework in the form of missed lessons will not be provided for unauthorised absence.
The Government guidelines make it plain that, in the final analysis, it is the school that judges whether an absence is authorised or not.

## Leave of Absence

The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 Amendments to the 2006 regulations remove references to family holiday and extended leave as well as the statutory threshold of ten school days. The amendments make clear that head teachers may not grant any leave of absence during term time unless there are exceptional circumstances. Where this is the case, head teachers should determine the number of school days a child is granted leave.

Parents should complete an 'Absence from School Request form' to apply for leave (see appendix 7). Where leave is not granted Penalty Notices may be issued for unauthorised holidays.

## Home/School Partnership

Securing a high level of attendance requires the school and home to work closely together. To this end, we ask parents to:
(i) Do all they can to ensure their child arrives on time. Parents can be prosecuted if their child persistently arrives late after the register closes. We will monitor persistent late comers and action may be taken.
(ii) Notify the school on the first day if their child is unwell with details of the illness and an estimation of the likely length of absence;
(iii Get in touch at an early stage about any concerns they have about their child's motivation to attend school. Do not keep children off school while any issue is being resolved.

In return the school will:
(i) Contact home on day 1 of absence if no explanation has been received from home;
(ii) Contact home over any unexplained absences;
(iii) Follow up promptly any concerns that parents pass on to us that may be affecting their child's attitude to, or feeling of wellbeing in, school;
(iv) Involve the Class Teacher and Teaching Assistants to help pupils re-integrate into school after illness or other individual circumstances;
(v) Regularly and consistently remind pupils of the importance of good attendance and punctuality through whole school assemblies;
(vi) Reward good or improving attendance and action any concerns promptly.

## The Education Welfare Service

The school is responsible for providing early intervention support regarding attendance. If attendance fails to improve then a referral into the Local Authority is made for either a Penalty Notice to be issued or for PACE to be carried out. The Education Welfare Officer will support with PACE interviews.

## Rewards for Good Attendance

To promote good attendance and to emphasise its importance the school monitors attendance on a weekly basis. The year group(s) with the highest attendance figures are celebrated in assembly by a cuddly toy who spends the week in their classroom. Where there is more that one year group this time is equally split.

## The Process of Recording \& Monitoring Absences

- Registers are taken at the beginning of the morning and afternoon sessions. Where the reason for an absence has not been provided, the absence will be recorded as ' N '.
- The school expects parents and carers to contact the school by 9.30am on the first day of absence to account for their child's absence; this does not need to be supported by a letter. Such calls will be recorded on the school management system (Sims). Where an absence has not been explained by 9.30 am the absence will be recorded as N until there is a reason confirmed.
- If the parent does not make contact with the school the school office will contact parents to determine the reason for the absence and to be satisfied the child is accounted for; although the absence will be recorded as unauthorised.
- A report will be provided to the Headteacher every month highlighting where attendance has fallen below $90 \%$ or where there has been a pattern of absence or continuous lateness.
- Where attendance or punctuality is established as a concern the Headteacher will send a letter and the Headteacher may choose to discuss the situation with the Education Welfare Officer.
- 'Absence from School Request Forms' for exceptional circumstances will be considered by the headteacher in line with this policy. Where appropriate, an interview arranged, more information requested or the form returned advising parents of her decision.
- Where a child is transferring to another school, their attendance record will be shared with new school and they are expected to attend up until they are on roll at a new school.
- The Headteacher will report attendance regularly to the governing body and provide an annual summary, in the Summer Term Head teachers report.


## Registration Procedures

Each day classroom doors open at 8:45am and close at 8:55am. Pupils should enter the school and come into the classroom during this time window.

## Procedure for Registering

The class teacher will take the register between 8.55 and 9:05 am.. A child arriving after the gate has shut but before 9.05 am should come into school through the main entrance.

The registers close at 9.05 a.m. and any children who arrive after this time will be marked as late for that session, either with a ' $L$ ' or ' $\mathbf{U}$ ' mark dependent on the reason for the late arrival. An ' $\mathbf{N}$ ' will be applied if they do not arrive at all. Expected absences would show as the appropriate code on the electronic register.

If there is any doubt about the whereabouts of any child, including a child who is subject to a child protection plan, the class teacher should take immediate action by notifying the school office. As a result, the school will make swift arrangements to contact the parent or guardian, in order to check on the safety of the child.

The afternoon register is taken as soon as possible after lunch and no later than 1:30pm. Any unexpected absences will be investigated by the school office.

## Procedure for School Office

Parents are expected to email or telephone the school by 9.30am on the morning of the day of absence to inform the school that their child will be absent. They are asked to state a reason. These absences are recorded on the school management system (Sims).

By 9:05 a.m. the registers should be completed to enable the assigned member of the admin team to check if any parents should be called to establish reasons for absence.

When established, the reasons provided for any absence will be recorded on the MIS. Any ' $N$ ' codes will be updated to show the appropriate code for the absence.

The most common codes (other than the late codes referred to above) are:

- C (Circumstances)
- G (Unauthorised Holiday)
- I (Illness/ recuperation from an operation)
- M (Medical/dental appointment)
- O(Unauthorised absence)
- V (School trip / visit)
- Y (Forced and Partial Closure - school office only)
- \# (schools closed to pupils - school office only)

The electronic registers remain accessible via the management information system for the duration of the child's time at Folksworth Primary School with comments explaining absence attached. Any letters explaining absence filed in the child's school file.

## Late Arrival

All children who arrive at school after the gate has closed (8.55 a.m.) must report to the front office to gain access to the school.

After 9.05 am if the late arrival is not backed up with a satisfactory explanation, the child will be marked as an unauthorised late ' $\mathbf{U}$ '. If the explanation describes a situation beyond the parent's control the school might consider the application of a 'L' mark.

It is essential that children arriving and leaving school with a parent/guardian during normal school hours are signed in or out from the school office. The signing in/out register in the office is used in the case of an emergency drill and as a record of arrival/absence.

## General

Registers are legal documents. It is essential that school staff consistently apply the procedures outlined in this policy together with the codes for registration and that the correct codes are used to record absences from school.

Registers can be checked by the Education Welfare Officer to ensure they are kept accurately by teachers and to assess the reasons and frequency of any absences below $90 \%$.

The distinction between authorised and unauthorised absence should also be clear and consistent.
In the case of an emergency evacuation, an assigned member of staff from the school office will bring the 'late' register to the evacuation point and have access to registers to account for any absent children.

Any issues surrounding attendance/punctuality should be discussed with the parents/carers at one or both of the parent teacher consultations. In particular parents should be notified if attendance is below $95 \%$ or a pattern of frequent late arrival is emerging.

## Parents' Responsibilities

Children should be ready to enter the classroom at 8.45-8:55 a.m. They should wait with their parents in the playground until the doors open but they should not access the school site before $8.40 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. unless they have prior permission to do so.

Parents/Carers should make the school office aware of any reason for a child's late arrival (i.e. if they are likely to arrive after 8.55 a.m.) or absence as soon as possible but no later than 9.30a.m.

## Appendix 1

Date
Dear Parents and Carers,
We are now required to review pupil attendance more frequently
You may find the following helpful as at times parents are not aware of how absences add up. We appreciate parents do not want to keep children off school and at times it is unavoidable - for example to avoid spreading infection.

I am writing to all families where attendance is below $90 \%$. This is the same as missing one day a fortnight which obviously has an impact on learning and progress.

I felt you would want to know that your child's attendance this half term has been $\qquad$ \%.

Yours sincerely

Michelle Norbury
Headteacher

Appendix 2
Manual monitoring

RECORD OF LETTERS SENT
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { YEAR } & 1 & 2 & 3 & \begin{array}{c}4 \\ \text { appropriate year) }\end{array} & 7 & 8 & 6 & 9 & 10 & 11 & \text { (circle the }\end{array}$

| PUPIL'S <br> NAME | DOB | DATE LETTERS SENT |  |  | $* *$ |
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## Appendix 3

## FOLKSWORTH C OF E (C) PRIMARY SCHOOL

Application for Leave of Absence from School During Term Time

## School Section - Please read this following information carefully

As a parent or carer you are strongly urged to avoid leave of absence from school during term time. Should this be absolutely unavoidable then you should fill in this form and return it to the school prior to the absence. We expect attendance at school to be $100 \%$ unless there are exceptional or unavoidable reasons for absence. The Government implemented new legislation that came into effect from September 2013 which means that schools may only authorise leave of absence in exceptional circumstances. These exceptional circumstances must be linked directly to the child and not the wider family in order to be authorised. A parent/carer does not have any right to leave of absence during term time and if your request is refused the absence will be recorded as unauthorised. If you should choose to take your child/ren away from school when leave of absence has not been authorised, this could result in legal action being taken or a Penalty Notice being issued by the Local Authority.
A Penalty Notice involves a fine of $£ 60.00$ per child, per parent/carer if paid within 21 days, rising to $£ 120.00$ per child, per parent/carer if paid within 28 days. Should a parent/carer on whom a notice is served fails to pay the full amount of the fine within the specified time he/she will be liable to prosecution in a Magistrates Court where on conviction a sentence or a fine of up to $£ 2500.00$ or up to 3 months in prison may be imposed.
Penalty Notices may only be served in accordance with the terms of the County Council's local Code of Conduct, a copy of which is retained by the school.
Should leave of absence be taken after permission has been withheld then this will be recorded as an unauthorised absence. This will appear both in the school register and in your child's report. Persistent unauthorised absence may result in the involvement of the Educational Welfare Office and possible legal proceedings.

## Parents Section

I request that leave of absence is granted for :

| $1^{\text {st }}$ Child's Name | Class |
| :--- | :---: |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Child's Name | Class |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Child's Name | Class |

Names of any other siblings and school they attend:
(First date of absence) to (Last date of absence)

Please explain the exceptional circumstances that require a leave of absence during term time:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Office Section
Number of previous applications granted this academic year
Headteacher Signature $\qquad$
Authorised

Unauthorised
Notes
School Record Entry (SIMS)
Date

## ATTENDANCE MATTERS

## If pupils aren't in school, they can't learn.

High rates of absence are associated with low academic achievement and increased chances of being drawn into crime and anti-social behaviour.

Survey of $\mathbf{3 0 , 0 0 0} 16$ year olds showed that persistent truants are less likely to be successful in their GCSEs (Youth Cohort Student 2002 DES)

## What you can do to help?

$\checkmark$ make sure your child attends regularly and punctually
$\checkmark$ contacting the school with the reasons for absence
$\checkmark$ contact the school if your child is unwilling to attend school. The school can usually resolve most difficulties
$\checkmark$ avoid taking holidays during term time

## What your child will miss?

- A significant and disproportionate amount of teacher's time is taken from the class while they work with pupils who have missed important steps.
- In addition, those in the same workgroups as absent pupils will invariably have their learning held up
- Work missed cannot be covered again by the teacher
- Links that are missed will affect future learning and may lead to confusion.


There are 190 school days in the year, leaving 175 other days for holidays, family events etc.

95\% attendance means that your child has missed two weeks of their schooling

90\% attendance means they have missed 19 days - nearly four weeks.

85\% attendance means they have missed nearly six weeks - that's almost half a term.

